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Senate Resolution 1195

By: Senator Cagle of the 49th

ADOPTED SENATE

A RESOLUTION

- 1 Urging the Environmental Protection Division of the Georgia Department of Natural
- 2 Resources to allow electric generation peaking facilities, which have the capability to fire
- 3 natural gas or fuel oil and the flexibility to use either fuel throughout the year, assuring the
- 4 state will benefit from the operation of these facilities when natural gas supplies have been
- 5 interrupted or are otherwise highly volatile; and for other purposes.
- 6 WHEREAS, a reliable and affordable supply of energy is essential to the well-being and
- 7 economic prosperity of the citizens of Georgia; and
- 8 WHEREAS, Georgia's energy infrastructure and supply were disrupted in the wake of
- 9 Hurricanes Katrina and Rita in August and September of 2005; and
- 10 WHEREAS, the damage to Georgia's energy infrastructure demonstrated the importance of
- 11 a diverse and robust energy supply system not dependent upon a particular fuel or
- 12 technology; and
- WHEREAS, on October 3, 2005, Governor Sonny Perdue issued a call for the development
- of a comprehensive energy plan that encourages greater diversity and reliability of Georgia's
- 15 energy supply; and
- 16 WHEREAS, since the late 1990s wholesale and retail prices for natural gas, petroleum, fuel
- 17 oils, and coal have been increasingly volatile as a result of reduced supplies and growing
- 18 demand; and
- 19 WHEREAS, electric generating peaking facilities in this state stand ready to play a
- significant role in the state's energy plan and portfolio, particularly in times of emergency,
- 21 fuel supply interruptions, or extreme demand; and

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1 WHEREAS, electric peaking facilities serve as a backstop for the regional power grid during

- 2 events of system upset, emergency, and extreme demand; and
- 3 WHEREAS, numerous electric peaking facilities in Georgia are each capable of supplying
- 4 the electricity needs of several hundred thousand households; and
- 5 WHEREAS, electric peaking facilities are designed to be available on short notice and can
- 6 operate in a broad range of conditions; and
- 7 WHEREAS, some electric peaking facilities are designed to utilize natural gas as a primary
- 8 fuel and have on-site storage for fuel oil as a backup fuel; and
- 9 WHEREAS, these peaking facilities operate under air quality permits from the Georgia
- 10 Environmental Protection Division requiring that they be equipped with "Best Available
- 11 Control Technology" and some of these air quality permits allow the use of fuel oil as a
- 12 backup fuel to be utilized under specific conditions; and
- WHEREAS, in order for these peaking facilities to be a strategic energy resource, they must
- be allowed to operate in a manner consistent with their design, the protection of Georgia's
- 15 air quality, and contractual obligations; and
- 16 WHEREAS, the Georgia Environmental Protection Division's rules currently restrict fuel oil
- 17 use in some peaking facilities by imposing emissions standards that are more stringent than
- 18 can be achieved by the best available control technology, effectively preventing the use of
- 19 backup and emergency fuel supplies during much of the hurricane season or periods of
- 20 extreme demand; and
- 21 WHEREAS, without the ability to use fuel oil as a back-up in emergencies or periods of
- 22 extreme demand that occur from May 1 through September 30 each year, the role of peaking
- 23 plants as energy emergency responders is compromised; and
- 24 WHEREAS, following Hurricane Katrina, regional natural gas infrastructure was damaged
- 25 and natural gas supplies were disrupted, affecting many baseload power plants and
- 26 necessitating the use of peaking facilities to meet load requirements; and

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1 WHEREAS, the post-Katrina events demonstrate that the natural gas supply is interruptible

- 2 throughout the year and operation on backup fuel oil in peaking plants is at times necessary
- 3 to maintain a reliable electric energy supply for Georgia; and
- 4 WHEREAS, the air quality in the Atlanta area and Georgia has improved in the last five
- 5 years; and
- 6 WHEREAS, given proper control technology, fuel oil operation can be accomplished in an
- 7 environmentally responsible manner without degrading the air in the Atlanta area or Georgia
- 8 while ensuring that Georgia and the region gain full benefit from these existing and critically
- 9 important power generating assets; and
- WHEREAS, reevaluating the Georgia Environmental Protection Division's restrictions on
- 11 the use of fuel oil in these peaking facilities will not cause the air quality in the Atlanta area
- 12 or Georgia to be adversely affected.
- 13 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE that this body urges the
- 14 Environmental Protection Division of the Georgia Department of Natural Resources to allow
- peaking facilities to operate using fuel oil when necessary to assure a reliable energy supply
- 16 for Georgia, and to develop and present to the Board of the Department of Natural Resources
- 17 any new rules necessary to ensure that the state will benefit from the operation of these
- 18 facilities in times of distress or extreme demand.
- 19 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Secretary of the Senate is authorized and directed
- 20 to transmit an appropriate copy of this resolution to the director of the Environmental
- 21 Protection Division of the Georgia Department of Natural Resources.